185 1. 1933

MEMORANDUM FOR Mr. PARCIENT, ACTING MEAD OF THE CRIMINAL DIVISION

In the case envitled CANTEN TERM, THRUAT ASSASSINATE GEROLG SELECTION MELLICITATION,

there are transmitted herewith copies of the following reports:

Special Agent

Philadelphia, Pennigalvenia

Very truly yours,

Director.

花沙子 遗迹的

Incl.#

0(1,45.

CEPARIMENT OF JUSTIC

and to call attention to what he considered to be a strong remarkable to between Evaluation and Eva Braun, in view of the ract that he had secured a photograph of Eva Braun which had been taken from a recent issue of life magazine. It was belief that should Adolf Hitler still be alive, the amily would know where he is located. Said that after studying the photographs of Evaluation and Eva Braun, he was of the opinion that the two individuals were identical and that the true name of Eva Braun is actually Eva

coincidence that the sister of Eva Braun referred to in the above mentioned article in a recent issue of Life magazine should have the name Gretel, since Eya also had a sister named Greta or Gretel.

There are transmitted herewith for the possible use of the Bureau one copy of a photograph of Eva and Greta and their mother, which photograph was taken in 1924, and one enlargement of the photograph of Eva which have been copied from the original photograph submitted by

There is no previous record in this office of the complainant.

was not endeavoring to report any matter to the American Embassy in Buenos Aires that was of a sensational nature, but he felt that it was his duty to submit the story set forth above for what it was worth.

It is suggested that the Bureau might possibly desire to refer the above story to the Allied Military Government in Berlin, Germany.

Very truly yours

WTB/ems Enclosures 105-214 September 18, 1945

Dear

1915, the content of which has been carefully noted. I want you to know that your interest and courtesy in writing to this Bureau are greatly appreciated.

to be of interest to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, I want you to feel free to communicate with the Special Agent in Charge of our Memphis Field Division, which is located at 2401 Storick Building, Namphis 3, Tennessee.

Sinceroly yours.

John Edgar Roover

cc - Memphis (with copies of incoming correspondence)

CONMUNICTIONS SCHED THE THE MAILED TO THE SEP 1: 1945 P.M. FEDERAL BULEAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

September 8, 1945 Lancaster, Pa. Wear Sir : The United States should be Just as interested as any Ecountry in the whereaboute of Hitler and the general opinion If all is that he is still aline Laveaster and Reading are unatited by German descendant mostly; making of whom speak, the German language flicently, and as they are important energh american cities to the SEP 1.8.1945 22

their school lettbroke (us was witnessed when our boys nere recuping a German. selvolhouse during the wark et is probable that this fast of the country until water a good beding place for a German Recently in a Raveaster park I noticed a peculiar. couple who drew my attention by their furtire watchfulness of everyone. The wan was of medium height, rather thin His face was deeply tannel, his dark, almost block, hair was streaked with gray and his large brown eyes had a The uman lead a wat on that was definitely not of this country. They seemed very much no the alert and too ill at lase to be spending a relating afternoon in the park. I wonder if Hitler would look and act like: that

JDD: omw PROBULE September 18, 1945 mich to acknowledge receipt of your letter dated September 12 1948. Your courtesy and interest in furnishing this information are sincerely appreciated and you may be sure it will receive appropriate attention. Sincerely yours, John Edgar Hoover Director # SEP 1 1845 P.M PEDERAL BUREAU OF THREE TO AT TOM THE DEFAULT OF HEALT. Quinn T

and a supplied to Dur Edgar Korner B. F. D. Ocar Bir: I heritate to mite your An démons mans les aliques buse man that I have such Frim convictions that teither is in argentine that and have no since of mind until of Italy som ne that I know could do some Cohing about it, and miling I While the Allis once Amenting Bu there had a lot of trine to make his getanny & his co-mhus they con hate built him a morne undergound have to Sheller his Ourinte & his Co-ley, found & line office in lixury among 392

Them ducky. Contidut it to besible too that all these columities such as train rund explains fires + it. I that cont be accomited for be under his enfusion and orexecuted by his agent here. I have always been men grotehel fo The moderful moto the F.B. it has been dring + a great admirer of your and ma commens -Care, Directly

October 3, 1945

Res. Fresent Location of Adolf Hitlor and Eva Braun

Or August 23, 1945

Euchos Aires, Argentina appeared at the Office of the Legal Attache in Euchos Aires and furnished the following information:

stated that in 1984 to resided at the Pene of one indicated that the limity was extremely wearany and that they were at that thee the owners of the

indicated that in did not personally know Sr., nor had he ever not higher son, but that he had been well acquainted with the son of age, respectively, in 1924.

family mention the name of Adolf Bitler and that he was aware of the fact that Hitler frequently visited the family of

In 1945, ar Argentine friend of who happened to be of German descent, was removed from the Argentine Embassy in Berlin and returned to Argentina. This friend advised that Hitler visited the Bechstein family every time that he came to Ferlin.

According to the purpose of his visit to this office was to furnish a photograph of and her two daughters, which photograph was taken in the garden of their summer home in ferlin, Afermany in 1924 and to call attention to what he considered to be a strong resemblance between and Eva Fraum, in view of the fact that he had secured a photograph of Eva Braum which had been taken from a recent issue of Life magazine. It

والمتناء المتناء المتناء والمتناور

Washington, D.C., March 28,1933.

Mr. George by of State:

anclosed harewith I have the monor to transmit a communication received here, wherein the assassination of the Chancellow of the Heich, Mr. Adolf Hitler, is threatened. I would be grateful if an investigation of the matter could be made and the results thereof communicated to mean its conclusion.

Locat, Mr. Secretary of State, the renewed usual Loc of My Lo t distinguished respect.

(8) F. .. v.PRINTAITA.

To His Encollency The promotery of Stave of the United States, Mr. Jordell Hull.

1 Enclosule.

13-3:615-X

L'arch 23, 1933.

Dear Sir:

I have asked President Roosevelt to publicly remonstrate with your government the outrages upon the Jews in Germany, and to demand an immediate and complete end of this persecution.

In the event that he does not make such a statement, I notify you that I shall go to Fernany and assassinate Mither.

Yours sincerely,

Daniel Stern.

The German Ambassador

Washington, D.C.

COPIES DESTROYED

R 207 NUV 4 1960

(5.50 615-X

TRANSLATION

GERHAN EMBASSY

Washington, D.C., March 28,1933.

Er. Secretary of State:

Enclosed herewith I have the honor to transmit a communication received here, wherein the assassination of the Chancellor of the Reich, Mr. Adolf Hitler, is threatened. I would be grateful if an investigation of the matter could be made and the results thereof communicated to me at its conclusion.

Accept, Mr. Secretary of State, the renewed assurance of my most distinguished respect.

(S) F. W. V.PRITTWITZ.

To His Excellency

The Secretary of State of the United States,

Mr. Cordell Hull.

1 Enclosure.

VILLERO +65-2015- くろ-53615-X

April 5, 1933.

Special Agent in Charge, United States Bureau of Investigation, Hurley-Eright Building, Washington, D. C.

Door Siri

There is enclosed herewith a copy of a memorandum received from Mr. Frank M. Parrish, Acting head of the Griminal Division of the Department, dated March 31, 1933, with enclosures concesting of a translation of a note dated March 28, 1933, from the German Ambassador, together with its enclosure of a letter threatening the semasmination of the German Chancellor.

ap our tent the complaint falls within the provisions of any Federal tentute, nevertheless, in view of the request of the Sixte Pepartment he is desirous of conducting an investigation of the matter. You will please, therefore, conduct an investigation that in an effort to assertain the identity of the writer of the inreatening letter, and such information as any be available concerning him.

· Very truly yours,

Director.

Engi. #211242

APR & 1832

34001 x 3 154

The state of the s

Va

VALLEC 64-26763-2-4933

April 4, 1933.

APR 5 - 1933.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. FRANK M. PARESCH, ACTING HEAD OF THE CRIMINAL SIVIESON.

The Furran desires to acknowledge receipt of your memorandum of the 31st ultimo, with enclosures, consisting of a copy of a translation of a note dated March 26, 1933, from the German Arbascader, and an accompanying letter threatening the accessination of the German Chancellor.

In line with your request, the local office of the Bureau has been instructed to conduct an investigation for the purpose of ascertaining the identity of the waiter of the threatening letter, and such information as may be available concerning him.

Very truly yours,

Director.

APR 4 1933

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF 'NVESTIGATION

Form No. 1 Wasnington, D. C. FILE NO. 62-2450 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT DATE WHEN MADE: PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: REPORT MADE BY: REPORT MADE AT: 4/12/33 . 4/11/33 Washington, D. C. TITLE CHARACTER OF CASE: THE TO ASSASSIBILITY DAVIDA ER THE MALOCA NOLITIONALD SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: German Ambaseador et Washington received a letter con taining a threat upon the life of German Chancellor Adol Mitter. Investigation indicates that the letter R14033M Morch 24, 1933. German Ambassador requested investigation by State Penartment, which referred the matter to the Attorney General of the United States." Bureau letter dated April 5, 1973. FERENCE: At Washington, D. C. TAILS: With the letter of reference was transmitted a copy of a letter from the Genual Ambisiador at Washington, D. C., to the Secretary of State, which , relates to a letter received at the German Imbassy in Washington, dated March 23, A 1933, which contains a threat to assassinate the German Chancellor Adolf Hitler. This letter is signed Day al Sucre. The letter is as follows: - Approx "March 27, 1983. DETAILS : : Dear Sir: I hav asked President Roosevelt to publicly remonstrate with your government the outrages upon the Jews in Germeny, and to demand an immediate and complete end of this persecution. In the event that he does not make such a statement, I notify you PROVED AND COPIES DESTROYED 3-Bureau "2-Washington Field 07 NUV BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION POUTED TO:

that I shall go to Germany and assassinate Hitler.

Yours sincerely.

Washington, D. C.

in Washington, ascertained from that the letter quoted above from as postmarked, Philadelphia, Pa., Harch 24, 1933.

Further information concerning the identity of available at the State Department at Washington, nor at the German Embassy.

The German Ambassador requested that the State Department conduct an investigation in the matter, and the Secretary of State referred the matter to the Attorney General who, in turn, referred same to the Bureau.

UNDEVELOPED LEAD:

PHILADELPHIA BURNAU OFFICE

At PHILADELPHIA, PA., will endeavor to locate and obtain all information, possible, concerning him. He should also be interviewed concerning the threat contained in the letter quoted in this report.

It is suggested that the German Consul in Philadelphia be contacted as it is likely that this official has received letters from the same individual, or may have heard of him through some source.

PENDING

Fill Burley-Wright Bldg., Washington, p. C., April 12, 1933.

Special Agent in Churge, United States Savenu of Investigation, 775 Philadelphia Saving Yead Building, Philadelphia, ps.

DANIEL STERM

TOP STATE OF THE

THERAT TO ASSASSTHATE GENERAL OR STORESON ABOUT PRINTE

Detr Sir:

Attendant horate you will find copies of the report of Special Agent this office, dated April 12 1935.

so is observed fro the report in question, a lead is set out for the Phillodelphia Office in an effort to locate and into thea this individual, and obtain such information as is evoilable sorecoming him.

I quote, horewith, a party oph contained in a memorandum from Mr. Joung M. Derrish, Acting Head of the Criminal privision of the Depurtment, to the Director, dated freeb 31, 1933, in respect . to this nation;

withile it done not appear that the compleint falls within the provisions of one Wederel statute, in view of the request of the Stars Deportment, will you please errange to have the matter investi teted * * *. *

in view of the foregoing, it is rught and that should intellig by located, that inquiry be made into his sanity, and that the statue of his civizenship be ascertained.

Very truly yours,

DB:C's #02-2450 Incl. oc≃Burceu Acting Special Lent in Charge

APP 2 0 1933

April .18, 1933.

MEMORATION FOR MR. PARRISH, ACTING HEAD OF THE CRIMINAL DIVISION.

Pursuant to your request of March 31st, an inquiry has been inaugurated into the threat sent by one Dariel Stern to the German Ambarrador at Washington, to assassinate the German Chancellor, Adolf Hitler, and there is enclosed herewith for your information a copy of the report substitud by Special Agent of the Washington local office dated April 12th, from which you will note that the inquiry is to be pursued at Philadelphia.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Enc. /2000/3.

MAS

VYHEAMPELO 62-26750

Hay 2, 1933.

Special Agent in Charge, United States Bureau of Investigation, 735 Philadelphia Saving Fund Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Dear Sire

Please refer to the report of Special Agent dated at Magnington, D. C., April 12, 1933, outlited Parist 711W, Threat to Assessinate German Chancellor Adolf-Hitler, and advise the result of such investigation as has been unde by your office pursuant to the undeveloped leads ent out therein.

Very truly jours,

cc - Washington Field.

Director.

MAY St 1933

INDEXE

65-53615-X

LEGALISER CE JUSTICE

FILE

54001 00 10

THREAT TO ASSASSINATE GERMAN CHANCELLOR ADOLF HITLER

Examination of city directory and telephone directories Philadelphia, discloses one Daniel Stern

PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE:

4/20-21/33

Investigation at this apartment discloses that the individual left there nearly a year aco, present whereabouts un-

advises he has received no information relative to . letter written by subject No information obtained from Fost Office.

hecort of Special Agent

..asnington, 4/12/33

AT PHILADELPHIA

Examination of the telephone directories failed to disclose such a subscriber as Daniel Stornglisted. Examination of the city directory disclosed one

at this address, agent was advised by the janitor that ieft the apartment over a year ago and that his present address is unknown; that he appeared to be a very high type person and was highly respected by the other tenants in the apartment house.

-COPIES DESTIDITED At the German consulate, 1420 Walnut Street, agent interviewed

R207N0	V [L 1960	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE	E SPACES TO DELL'A
APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	P. N. Hawes Sierce	IN CHARGE (5.536/5-X3.	MAY 4 1933
	COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:	BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	MAY 5 - 193

3 - FUREAU

- WASH. F.

consul, who, after an examination of his files, advised that he has received no information relative to further, that he was not advised of any communication addressed to the President or other individual regarding Chancellor Adolf Hitler.

Stated that, in all probability, it was written by some crank, who is a sympathizer of the Jewish element; that, oftentimes, he is besieged by individuals who make threats upon him, but that they are all of the crank type and he dismisses them and pays no attention to them as he does not consider their threats serious. He stated that, in the event he receives any information relative to the he will immediately communicate with the Philadelphia Office of this Bureau.

REFFIGED UPON CONFLETION TO OFFICE OF ONIGIN

AL S. Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

755 Philadelphia Saving Fund bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

May 3, 1933.

MAY 51933 AN

Director, United States Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

In reference to your letter of May 2, 1933, you are informed that a report has been dictated in case entitled DANIE ASSAULT. Throat to Assassinate German Chancellor Adolf Wither, and will be forwarded to the Bureau as of this date.

Very truly yours,

P. B. Harris

R.G. Harvey,

Special Agent in Charge.

HOM:AG.

E PROBLE

RECORL

MAY 5 - 1933

MAY 41 1933 A.M.

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Ain i Ni-

53007 24 1966周

Copy: BMS - SS__.
Comp.

TRANSLATION

GERMAN EMBASSY

1 enclosure

The German Embassy has the honor to transmit to the Department of State the enclosed communication, signed "C. Portugall", (postmark New York) in which there is report of a plan to assassinate the Chancellor of the Reich. The German Embassy would be grateful if the proper steps could be taken in the matter.

Washington, D. C., April 27, 1933.

(Initialed "L")

65-53615-X6

To the German Embassy.

Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

Permit me to draw your attention to the following.

In listening to a conversation between several New York Jews,

I learned that a plan is under way to murder Reich Chancellor

Adloph Hitler, and that a young American Jew Has already been chosen to perform the act. The Jews present were jubilant over the plan. I am informing you of the above in order to prevent a possible misfortune.

Very respectfully, (signed) C. Portugall.

Tr: BHL: MCS

65-53615-X6

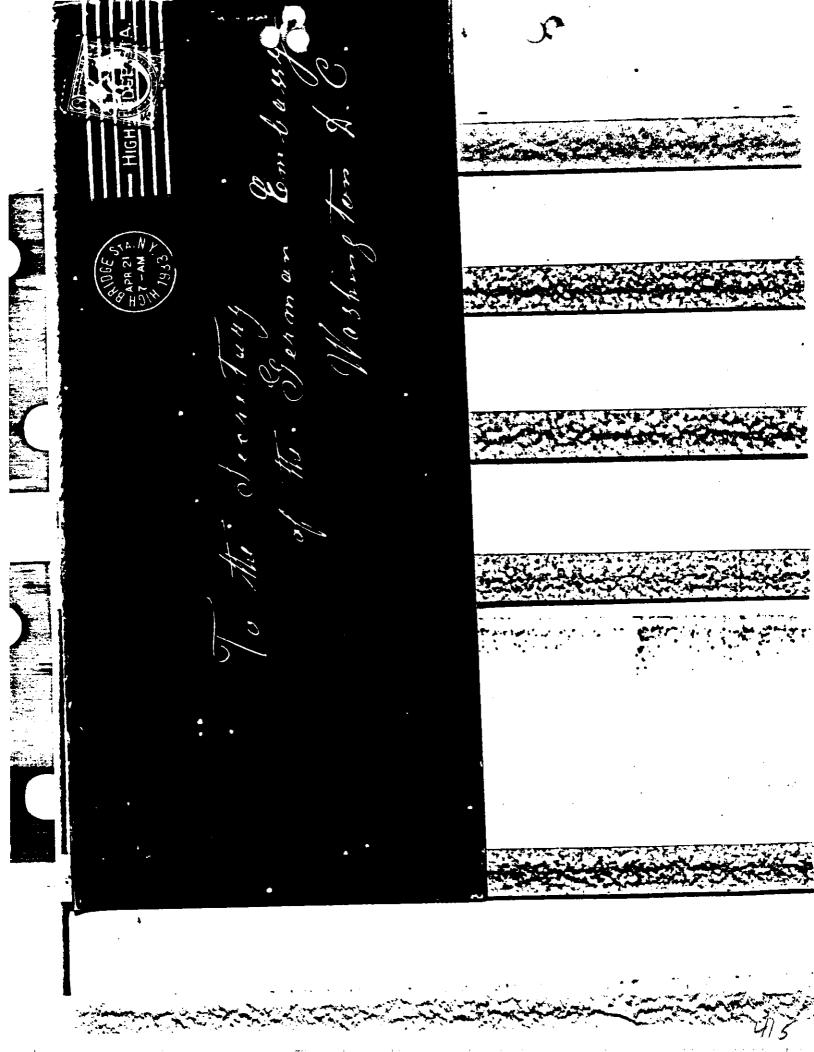
april the st Washington Eing.: 22. APR. 1933 an die Deutsche Botschaft Mashington &. C. Geehate Herra. Erlauben die min Chrien auf folgende aufmenksam zu machen. Eine Underseding gwischen mehrere det york Juden y horend vernahm ich, das ein plan meder wegs ist, Reichs Bangler Ha Hitter gu ermorden und dass bereits en Junger americanischer jude ausgewählt ist, den Akt grodlbringen die anne senden guden averen freudewell erregt uber den plan. Ich Teile diese hier met mit mit Schlimmes guverhuten. Hoch schling. C. partagale.

HAPR 21 F un un yt

aprid the 21 Deutsche Botschaft Washington Eing.: 22. APR. 1933 an die Deutsche Batschaft Mashington &. C. Grehate Herra Erlauben die min Chnen kaf folgende lufimenksom zu machen. Eine Under reding gwischen mehrere die York Juden g. herend vernahm ich, des ein plan meder wegs ist, Reichs Bangler Hos tittles gu ermorden und dass bereits in funger americanischer jude ausgenishlit ist, den akt groollbringen. Die anne senden Juden avuren freudewell erregt uber den plan. Ich Teile diese hier mit mit Schlimmes gaveshutten. Hoch schlung. C. partingale.

Jeron an

april the Eing.: 22. APR. 1933 an die Deutsche Botschaft Mashington &. C. Geeliste Herra. Erlauben Je min Thom naf folgende Aufmen Ksam zu machen. Eine Underzeding gwischen mehrere det York Juden guherend vernahm ich, dass ein plan meder wegs ist, Reichs bangler Hole titles yn ermorden und dass bereits ein Junger americanischer jude ausgewihlt ist, den akt grodlbringen. die anne senden Juden avuren freudewell ernegt inber den plan. Ich Teile diese hier mit mit mit schlimmes guverhutten. Hoch schling. C. partingale.



april the Deutsche Botschaft Washington Eing.: 22. APR. 1933 an die Deutsche Botschaft Washington &. C. Geeliste Herrin. Erlauben Jes min Thren auf folgender Aufmerksam zu machen. Eine Underseding gwischen mehrere die york Juden gutierend vernahm ich, stass ein plan meder wegs ist, Reichs bangler Ude tittles gu ermorden und dass bereits ein Junger americanischer jude ausgewählt ist, den akt grodlbringen: die anne senden Juden averen frendevell erregt iber den plan Ich Teile diese hier mit mit im wamight schlimmes guveshutten. Hoch achtung. C. partingall.

1 a H Mes m an

AULUEDEN

62-16913-2 CCT-036/5-X6 Hay 19, 1933.

Special Agent in Charge, United States Burnau of Investigation, Burley-Wright Duilding, Washington, D. C.

Pear Sir:

Pith forther reference to the care entitled DINTEL ITERN, Target to Assessing German Chancellor Adolf Hitler, Where is transmitted hererith the original of a letter written in German to the German Embassy in Eachington, April Eleft, signed

Please give the metter appropriate attention in an effort to ascertain the truth of the allegations.

. Very truly yours,

Director.

Dac1. 332807.

/

, ·

RECORDED 62=204/3

May 19 1933.

MAY 22 1933

METORANDUM FOR HR. PARCISH ACTING HEAD OF THE CRIMINAL DIVISION

In accordance with your memorandum of May 10th, instructions have been instead to institute an investigation of
allegations that a plan is under way to murder Reich Chancellor
Adolf Mitter. This is being considered in connection with the
investigation of the threat sent by Daniel Stern to the German
Ambassedor at Weshington. Copies of reports will be furnished
your Division.

Very truly yours,

Director.

CAMPGAY GRADATED May 27, 1933.

2E001(1)ED 62-30

E-53611-X7

Epecial Agent in Chargo, United States Bureau of Investigation, Hurley-Wright Duilding, Washington, D. C.

Dour Sirt

Fith further reference to the case of Daniel Stern, Threat to Assessing to German Chancellor Adolf Mitler, there is transmitted heremith a translation of a note of May 11, received through the State Department from the German Ambaseador in Washington, together with a translation of its enclosure, a letter from a certain ported plan to assessinate the German Chancellor.

Plence include this in the investigation being conducted by your office.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Encl. 332573.



Cat 10.13 62-26760-10

Kay 27, 1933.

COULTED

65-53615 - X7

HENGMANION FOR HR. PARVISH
FOTING HEAD OF THE CRIMINAL DIVISION

In reply to your recorded of May 23, the additional complaint of regarding a purported regarding a purported play to an assistate the Corman Charcollor, Adolf Mitter, has been transmitted to the local office with instructions to conduct an appropriate investigation.

Very truly yours,

Director.

CHARLES LANGE

bll Eurisy-bright Euilding, Sashington, D. C. June 2, 1933.

Special strat in Chamme. Uniter Stat's Server of Investigation, 5 Room 1400, 070 postagion gamue, Hew York City.

Dear Mar:

Three in trenemitted herewith a copy of a translation of a latter written in German to the Common Tabassy in Mechineton, D. C. deted April 21, 1988 on Ligach by the Chis letter was received by the demand debuses on april it. 1906 in a plain white exvelope, pontal murked April 31, 1903 at 7 a.m. at the High Bridge Station in New York?

For your further information in connection with this metter; there are also transmitted dupies of the reports of Special Agent of the mediagram, D. C. April 12, 1903 and Openial Monve intel at Admidelphie, Pa., Noy S, 1988 in the case entitles I all for Carlo - Threat to Assassinate Cernen Cloreslier adolf Bither. Book e of the similarity of the information contained in both letters it in vary applicable that the throat by the plant is the one on referred. I quote herewith a puragraph contained in a memorandum from the Frank M. Parrigh, Acting Hoad of the Criminal Division of the Repartment to the Director dated March'Sl. 1953, in research to the Camiel Storn matter;

> bifule it does not appear that the complaint fails within the ercvisions of any Federal Statute, in view of the request of the State Department, will you pleare arrange to have the matter investigated."

It is therefore suggested that you make an endeavor to locate and through him obtain any information possible concerning the identity of Caniel Stern. If Stern is located, it is suggested that inquiry be made into his sonicy and that the state of his citizenship be determined.

Very truly yours,

J. F. FEIPi, Special Agent in Ch

oreo. JUN: 3/193

DEPARTMENT OF TUS

Div. Ous

April 21, 1933,

to the Gemen Dibases, westington, P. C.

Dasr Sira:

Fernit me to call your attention to the following. Foring overheard a conversation between several Jaws in Now York, I learned that there is a move ent on foot to accessing to Cannellor Adolf Hitler and that a young region Johns already been selected to commit this amurder. The Jaws present were joyfully enthused over this plan.

I communicate this to you in order that if possible ony such not stated to prevented.

. With full orteen.

(eigned)

TR TAMES.

CAAtLC -62-26760-11

August 16, 1933.

RECORDER

65-5-615-27

AUG 17 1937 MEMORANDUM FOR ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL MALLOY.

In the case entitled <u>DANIES STEEN</u>, Threat to Assausinate German Chanceller Adolf Hitler, there are transmitted herewith copies of the following reports:

Special Agent

Office

Date

Kew York City

8-10-33.

Two copies of the above report are transmitted, one for transmittal to the Department of State is desired.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Incl # 663204

253001 34 1945 A

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

HIS CASE ORIGINATE) AT	#ASh HigTor	1, D. O.	N. Y. Fu	ENO. 02-	ACCOUNT OF THE PERSONS
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D. Sof Investigation, 311 Hurley-Wright Building, Washington, D. C.

POST/L

AUGUST 14 1933

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARCA
DIVISION OF INCHESTICATION
U S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICA
619 F HERAL EULEDING
LOS ANGELES CALIFORNIA

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NCI: IEÉE.

OF MINUS BOX

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ALLEGADLY OF RELAKE W HER CONCERNING PURPORTED ASSASSINATE

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TNS:ps Tima sent: 3:30 F.M.

cc- Bureau

File 62-2450

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5-53(15-X8)
BUPEAU OF INVESTIGATION
AUG 15 1933

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Ell Muchay-Wright Building, Anthington, D. C.

August 14th

Special Agent in Charge, Division of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, 619 T doral Puilding, Los Angeles, California.

Threat to Asside nate Corman Chancellor Adolf Hitler

Dear Sir:

I quote herewith a paragraph contained it a memorandum from Mr. Frank M. Parrish, Acting Head of the Criminal Division, Of the Department, to the Director, dated March 31, 1933, in response to this matter:

within the provisions of any Federal Statute, in view of the request of the State Department will you please arrange to have the matter investigated.

As suggested by my wire, you should interview Colonel Steinmann for the details of the conversation which he overheard to ascertain the identity of the persons involved therein.

It is expected that a report will be received not later than august 81, 1933.

T. W. STAPLETON, AUG TO CHEER SPECIAL AGENT IN CHEER SPECIAL AGENT AGEN

TNG: ps Encl. 62-2450 6C-Director

D' 2, One land

THE TARBANE

The German Embassy was also in receipt of a letter dated April 21, 1933 written in German and signed by one which was postmarked April 21, 1933 at New York City, in which this individual also alleges that he overheard a conversation between several Jews in New York concerning a movement on foot to assessing to Hitler and that a young American Jew had already been selected to commit the murder. The New York City Office was unable to local

In connection with this matter, I quote herewith a persgraph contained in a memorandum from Mr. Frank M. Perrish, Acting Head of the Criminal Division of the Department, to the Director dated March 31, 1933 with respect to the matter:

" 'hile it does not appear that the complaint fulls within the provisions of any rederal Statute, in view of the request of the State Department, will you please arrange to have the matter investigated".

In the event that you are successful in locating and the other individuals involved, it is suggested that inquiry be made into their sanity and that the status of their citizenship be determined. No further investigation is being conducted in this matter by this office and it will only be necessary for you to furnish necessary copies of reports to the Division for transmittal to the Department.

Your truly yours.

TG::JG! 62-2450 Encl. GC:Division J. H. MANSON, Acting Special Spent in Charge.

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER

Al. S. Burean of Inbestigation

Pepartment of Justice / M Washington, D. C. Mr. Nathun

CAA: CSH 62-25760

August 14, 1933

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

with reference to the latest communication alleging a plot to assassinate the German Chromellar. This had been forwarded to the Wachington local office, which is the office of origin in this case.

I talked with Special Agent Stapleton and an effort will be made to report on the interview with Steinman, who is believed to be in Arizona, this week so that the State Department may advise the German Ambassador.

Respectfully,

C. A. Appel. Afr

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CANTCUIL 62-26760

August 15, 1933

Special Agent in Charge, Division of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justica, Hurley-Eright Building. Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Please refer to the Division's letter of May 27th and your letter of June and addressed to the New York Office, concerning the allegation that there is a plan to assassinate the German Chancellor, and advise the status of this case.

A copy of this letter is being forwarded to the New York Office and the Myssion desires that the matter be given immediate attention.

Very traly yours,

Director.

CC New York.

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FILE

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Burean of Inhestigation

311 Hurley-Wright Building Washington, D. C.

August 19th 1 9 3 3

Director, Division of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

DANTIL STERN Threat to Assassinate German
Chancellor Adolf Hitler.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your letter of August 15th requesting to be advised of the status of the above case.

Attention is called to the reports of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, dated 5-3-33, and New York City, dated 8-10-33. You will note from the report of Agent that investigation at Philadelphia failed to locate Daniel Sterm, and the report of Agent to flects that investigation at New York City failed to locate who had written a letter to the German Embassy with reference to a conversation he had overheard of a movement on foot to assassinate Chancellor Hitler.

A review of the file in this office reflects that under letter of May 27th you forwarded to this office a letter which had been written by Tucson, Arizona, to the German Embassy, which stated in effect that he had overheard a conversation wherein an attempt was to be made to take the life of Chancellor Hitler. This case at that time was assigned to Agent of this office, who was shortly thereafter called away on special assignment.

It seems that no action was taken by this office at that time to have interviewed. However, a telegram was sent from this office on August 14th to the Los Angeles office requesting an interview to be had with

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43,

instructions to submit a report immediately. This telegram was supplemented by a letter of even date.

This case has been reassigned and in the future will receive appropriate attention.

Very truly yours,

J. M. KEITH,

Special Agent in Charge

Th'S:ps 62-2450

Los Engeles. Celifornia August 13, 1933

Special Agent in Charge Division of Investigation U. S. Pepartmont of Justice Hurley-right building washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Re: DANJE Throat of Assessinate German Chancellor Adolf Titler L. A. File 82-989

Upon receipt of your telegrem of the 14th instant, rel the above captioned matter, Special Agen of this office, who was then at Thoshix, Arizons, was instructed to contaction and to obtain from him complete details of the conversation overheard by him concerning a purported attempt to assessinate Chancellor Hitler. .

I quote herewith the telegraphic report received at this office from Opecial type.

LOVISES THAT IN EARLY MAY THIS YEAR BE OVERGISARD TWO JENS IN THE DANCARLOS HOTEL HERE (PHORNIX) RANGS UNKLEDITERED STATE THAT NESFORECITY JEWS WERE SENDING MAN TO. DERHANY IN MAY ON NAMED GENERAL BOAT NOW UNRESCRIBERED TO POISON OR CHOOT CHIMORLLOO HITCHR BUTNEEN MAY AND SEPTEMBER THIS YEAR ADVISES HE IMMEDIATELY WROTE LETTER TO GERMAN EFFASSY MASELACTOR GIVING FULL DETAILS OF CONVERSATION OVERHEARD INCLUDING MANAGE OF TALETHY AND BOAT ASSASSIN WAS TO EMBARK ON S"Oi IS POLITICAL EXILE FROM MENTOO AND ITS CITIER I COOP INDICATION IS THAT HE IS STHONGLY ANTIJERISH IN COMV ASSAULON AND PROHITE-R"

Special Agen is returning to this station on the morning of the 19th instant from a road trip, and at that time he will be instructed to prepare a detailed report of his interview with (I which report will be transmitted to you mixmedi.

J. F. B. DUNN, ART THE Special Adapt in Charge

Ji.PD:AB

(CC. Division

Claire 62-26760-14 65-536/5-×12

August 25, 1933.

RECORDED

MEMORIPHUM FOR ASSISTANT ATTURNEY GENERAL MALLOY

Reference is made to your memorandum of August 21, 1933, and the statement of a purported plan to assassinate the German Chancellor, Adolph Hitler.

Special Agents of the Los Angeles Office of this Division interviewed that in the early part of May, this year, he overheard two Jews in the San Carlos Motel at Phornix, Arizona, whose names were not remarkered, state that New York City Jews were sending a man to dermany in May in order to poison or short Chancellor hitler, between May and September, 1935. advised that he immediately wrote a letter to the German May in Mashin ton, giving complete details of the conversation overneard, including the names of the parties and the boat the assassin was to embark on. It appears that it a political exile from Maxico and is a citizen of that country. It seems that he is strongly pro-Mitler and anti-Jewish in his conversation.

A detailed report of this interview is being forwarded from the los Angeles Office and will be transmitted to you upon raceipt. There appears to be no further action which may be taken.

Very truly yours,

Director.

NT: 4 1947 4

65-53415- 113

August 30, 1933.

2 7 10 BONDORDUM FOR ASSISTANT SOLICITOR GENERAL MACLEAN

There is transmitted herewith a copy of the report of Special Agent Los Angeles, California, dated August 21, 1935, in the case entitled DeNth offich, Threat to Assassinate German Chancellor Adolf Hitler, for transmittal to the Department of State, if desired. This is the matter about which Mr. Schoenfeld of the State Department inquired. He desires to transmit this information to the German Embassy as soon as possible.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Lucleaure #660967.

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UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

r. 460	SE ORIGINATED AT	Washington	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY:
REPORT	Los Angeles	8-21-33	8/15-16-21/33	W
.* 	TOO WIRGING	C-01-00	0,20 20 20,00	
TITLE:				CHARACTER OF CASE:
	DANIEL STERM			THEAT TO ASSASSINATE CER-
Marie .			4. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
SYNO	PSIS OF FACTS:		Interviewed prior	
14 A 14 1 1	, a — a≋e a	reference lette	er. Advised that	x, Ariz., he over-
		heard two Jews	say HITLER was t	o be assassinated
}		between May end	September, 1933	, by an Agent of
		one of hotel's	bellboys said on	stated he believed e of talkers was a
		rabbi. Bellboy	s of the San Car	los Hotel have no
		Records of San	f conversation wi Carlos Hotel do :	not list subject
		from April to		
- 4 e.c.	•		R. U. C.	
		•	•	
-	REFERMNCE:	Telegram and le	etter from the Wa	shington Pield
		Office, both do Angeles Office	ated August 14, 1 letter dated Aug	ust 18, 1933.
14.44 17.57				
, .	DETAILS:		AT TUCSON, ARIZO	INA
			at the Postoffic	e that
1.00	is now residi	ng at Fhoonix, A	rizona.	
DETAIL	.s:		AT PHOENIX, ARIZO	DNA
.				was interviewed
	on August 16.	1933. He advis	sed that he is a n	nining engineer by profession,
} .	11 07 0	ealdier and tha	it he had spent 2:	years in Mexico in Down
	capacities; t	that he had been	He stated that he	Mexican Army when General is now a citizen of Mexico
*	but a politic	el exile in this	country.	
1.	-			DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES INDEXE
APPRO	WED AND),/	SPECIAL AGENT / 4	RECORDED AND INDI
CHATC:	11:00	Liberconne	IN CHARGE 6	UNITED STATES
2.7	Division	THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:	A	12 2 C 232 A SEAUG 3 1 195
	<i>]</i>		141	CKETED:
1	/Washington		ſ	
1	Los Angeles	2	<u> </u>	BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

He advised that in May, 1933, he was in a room at the San Carlos Hotel visiting a friend and that when the latter left the room for a few minutes and he was left there alone he chanced to overhear a conversation in Yiddish in an adjoining room. The two men he overheard were speaking about conditions in Germany and Chancellor Hitler and the latter's antipathy for the Jews. One of the talkers told the other that Hitler would not last long; that a number of Jews in New York City were sending a man to Germany to assisting the Hitler. They named the German boat on which the assassin was leaving sometime in May, 1933. The assassination was to take place between May and September, 1933. Hitler was either to be poisoned or shot.

to observe the talkers as they went out. He said they were both Jews about 50 years old and quite stout. He could give no other description of them. He stated as they went out he asked one of the bellboys who they were and that he furnished him their names. It is the secollection that the bellboy told him one of the Jews was a rabbi but he was not certain that he was told so.

in Washington, D. C., advising them of the conversation he overheard and that in that letter he furnished the names of the talkers and the name of the bout the assessin was to sail on. However, when Agent talked to he was unable to recall any of those details. Since the name TANCE STEAN was mentioned in the Division wire, was asked if that were the name of one of the talkers. He said he did not remember and that he did not believe it was

his letter to the German Embassy he had requested it to never divulge his name. As Agent continued to talk with him he launched into a tirade against the Jews in this country, stating that it will have to take the same action against them within 10 years that Germany has taken.

He advised that he is attempting to patent and market an alloy of lead and copper to be used as bearings, but that the Jews in this country have prevented his financing of same.

With the assistance of the San Carlos Hotel, its register was searched from April to June, 1933, without finding any man by the name of STERN or STERN registered in. Agent casually contacted the hotel's bellboys. They all know but could not recall ever having furnished him the names of any guests or their visitors.

reference and it is to be noted that his verbal statement conflicts considerably with the letter which he wrote to the German Embassy. No mention was made to Agent of Arthur Brisbane's newspaper columns. Neither was the name of the boat.

upon which the assassin was to embark to Germany mentioned in letter to the Embassy as he had verbally advised Agent.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO OFFICE OF ORIGIN

31. S. Department of Justice

Burran of Inbestigation 311 Hurley-Wright Building Washington, D. C.

September 2, 1933.

The Director, Division of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

tern -- Threat to Assassinate German Chancellor, Adolph Hitler

With reference to the above-entitled matter, please be advised that all outstanding leads have been completed without any definite information having been obtained as to the identity of the individual who allegedly made a threat to assassinate Adolph Hitler.

Accordingly this case is being closed at the Washington Field Office subject to being re-opened in the event further information is received by the German chancellor.

Very truly yours,

Dwicht Brantley,

Acting Special Agent in Charge.

TGK: CCM 62-2450

THE COUNTRY

September 13, 1933

Special Agent in Contract Division of Investigation, 0. 2. Department of Junior, Nurley-Aright Bullular, Restington, D. C.

Done Sirt

forest to Assessimate German Chancellor, Adelph Richer, there are transmitted heresita copies of a nessurandum from Assistant Attorney General Pat Willoy and photostatic copies of the sucleaves therein. While this apparently has no connection with a stell Stars, the information is similar to that received from

It is supposed that the Detroit office be furnished with the information election obtained by your office, relative to this matter.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Encl. #675666

THE IS NOT

THE K

wig

311 Burley-Wright building, Washington, D. C. September 25, 1933.

W 65-53615-X16

Special Agent in Churge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
0 625 Lafayette Building,
Petroit, Michigan.

Ro:

Threat to Assassinate German Concellor, Adolph Mitter.

Don't Sir:

รเดิง ดหล

There are transmitted herewith, copies of a penorandom from Assistant Attorney General Pat Halloy and photostatic copies of enclosures therein for your attention at Latroit, it inchigan. Although the mutter contained in the attached memorandom approantly has no confection with the above entitled case, it is similar in nature to information previously received by the Weshington Held Office and for that remean the Division has reques 3 that your office he formished the information new in the files of their effice.

On March 25, 1988, the Corman Endager received a letter postmarked at Philadelphia, Pa., March 24, 1988 from an individual signing his news as Innial 1988, in which he advised that he had a dead President Reservat to publishy resonstrate with the German Government the outrages upon the Jess in Cormany and to demand an immediate and complete and of this percecution. In the event that such a statement was not made, he notified the German ambasey that he intended to go in Germany to assacsimate Hitler.

Investigation at Thiladelphie failed to disclose the identity of the individual signing himself as Daniel Stern.

Subsequently an additional communication was received

Turson, Arizona in which the san Carlos Hotel accidently overheard a conversation in Yiddish in the San Carlos Hotel Phoenix, Arizons which had to do with a purported plan to assassing to the German Chancelloc. Subsequent investigation at Turson, Arizons, failed to disclose any further information concerning the identity of the content of the conten

the individuals holding this convergetion.

The German Embassy was also in receipt of a letter deted April 21, 1903 written in German and signed by end which was postmarked foril 31, 1933 at New York City, in which this individual also alleged that he overheard a conversation between several Jews in New York concerning a movement on foot to appassing to Mitter and that a young American Jew and already been selected to commit the number. The New York City Office was unable to lead to orthogola for Austral questioning.

In connection with this matter, I quote herewith a paragraph contained in a matternidum from Mr. Front M. Parrish, Acting Read of the Criminal Division of the Department, to the Director dated March 31, 1933 of the respect to the Daniel Stern metters

fulls within the productions of any rederal Statute, in view of the request of the Diste Department, will you please arrange to have the natter investigated.

In the event that you are successful in locating and the other individuals involved, it is suggested that inquiry be used into their canity and that the status of their citizenship be determined. In further investigation is being conducted in this matter by this office and it will only be necessary for you to furnish necessary copies of reports to the Division for transmitted to the Department.

Very truly yours,

TGH: JGH 62-2450 Encl. CC: Division \ J. H. HAHOOM, Acting Openial Agent in Charge.

Al. S. Bureau of Investigation

Department of Justice

625 Lafayette Building, Detroit, Michigan.

October 5, 1933.

Director,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D.C.

NOT 2 **4: 193**0

Re

Threat to Assassinate German (1). Chancellor, Adolph Hitler.

Dear Sir:-

Referring to the letter from the Washington Field Office, dated September 25, 1933, in the above entitled matter, please 1 Edvised that Special Agent interviewed who is presently residing at advised that he had absolutely no information whatever regarding a plot or movement to assessinate the German Chancellor, and that he at no time made any statements regarding this metter. He further stated that the only place he had heard any conversation regarding the German Chancellor was in the office of during August 1933; that at this stated that was working on his teeth, the he had previously used German drills or burrs but that since Chancellor Hitler had been persecuting the Jews he along with numerous other In the building, had boycotted all German made products. made no replies to these remarks.

It is to be noted that is a young Jewish boy, 19 years of age, and has the appearance of a clean living and moral individual. He graduated from high school in June 1932 and is presently employed as a clerk by the

was also interviewed by

who apprised that during August, 1933, while he was

doing work for he remarked that he was using

German drills, to which replied that he did not wish
any German products used on him and some one "should bump Hitler off."

further advised that this statement was not made in a savage

way and that he is of the opinion that is not the

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type of an individual who would be involved in such a plot.

stated that he is 55 years of age, was born and raised in the state of Michigan, and it was also noted that he is quite hard of hearing and is more or less of the gossiping type.

Very truly yours,

WM. LARSON,

Special Agent in Charge

DIN-ICM 62-698 1 2 4 1000

October 23, 1933.

ACTING HEAR OF THE CRIMINAL PIVISION.

Reference is made to memorandum dated September 6, 1933, from forcer Assistant Attorney General Pai Malloy, Department File No. 235254, transmitting a photostatic copy of a translation of a note of August 24th from the German Aubuspacor, together with its inclosure, regarding a purported plan to assassinate the German Unancellor.

In connection with this matter, there is transmitted herewith a copy of a latter from the Special Agent in Charge of the Detroit Office of this Division, dated October 5, 1933.

In the absence of a request from you, no further investigation wall be concacted by this Division.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Inclosure No. 679654.

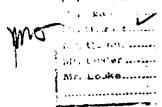
DIVISION OF INSCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

W

U. S. Department of Justice

Aurean of Inbestigation

311 Hurley-Wright Building. Eashington, D. C. October 21, 1933.



Director. Division of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

At 3:15 P.M., October 20th local police department called me on the phone and informed me that two weeks ago at Chicago a man giving the name of had reported to the General Consul, of the German Embassy, stationed at Chicago, alleged plans whereby American Jews would send to Germany an emissary to assassinate Hitler. wanted \$1,000 for the information. He also demanded the payment of an additional \$1,000.00 after verification.

He recently left Chicago and today arrived in Washington for the purpose of conference with the German Ambassador. The German Embassy got in touch with the State Department, which asked the Police Department to render the German Embassy here appropriate assistance. The second secretary to the Ambassador of the local Police Department, to not only shadow this man around Washington, but to follow him to Chicapo and vicinity for the purpose of determining his connections. old me that they, of course, could not leave the District of Columbia and wanted to know whether we would be willing to take up the surveillance at the Union Station upon departure of this individual for Chicago.

After a conference with Assistant Director Nathan, I in the absence of that it would not do proper for us to undertake this unless a formal request to do so were forwarded from the Secretary of State to the Attorney General.

J. M. KEITH.

in Charge

JMK: pa

19X:LL 62-26760 C.C. - C.C. (15-X1)

سيدال الكايرن

November 15, 1933.

INTERPREDICT FOR ASSISTANT ATTOPHEY CENERAL KEFNAN.

Receipt is acknowledged of your memorandum dated Hovember 10, 1933, transmitting a translation of a note resolved by the Escretary of State from the Garden Ambascalor, with regard to estatements made by a contain of Chicago, Illinois, relative to a purported completely to assessinate the Garden Chancollor.

I have instructed the Washington Field Office of this Division to make appropriate investigation in this matter, and you mill be furnished with a copy of the report cutlining the results of such investigation, upon completion of some.

Very truly yours,

MATE 110 NOV 15 1933 55

P. M. DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION O. C. DEPARTS OF ALL DOMAS Director.

TM.

54001

311 Hurley-"right Duilding, Meshington, D. C.

Nov. mbor 29, 1937.

Epecial agent in Charge, Division of Investigation, V. S. Repurtment of Justice, 1900 Bankers' Bailding, Chicago, Illinois.

Deer Sir:

The accordance of the corrections from the Division, there are transmitted herewith cories of a millionature from Assistant and Attorney General Joseph 5. Remain detail November 10, 1983, and copies of the enclosure mentioned therein, together with copies to the letter from this office detail October 21, 1983, to the Division and letter from the Division to this office detail of the office detail November 16, 1935, religion to the Division to this office detail of the October 11, 1935, religion to the October 21, 1935, to the November 16, 1935, religion to the October 21 of the October 21, 1935, and and the first of the October 21, 1935, and and also attend that payment of additional \$1,000 should be mide after verification.

It is requested that the Chicago office conduct the necessary additional investigation relative to this matter.

Yeary truly yours,

To Co Oliver, Acting Special Agent in Charge.

CAW: 07M 62-2450 Encl.

on Division

65-53615-

TGK:LL 62-26760

Bovenber 16, 1933.

Special Lyont in Charge, Division of Investigation, U. S. Lapartment of Justica, Hurley-Aright Bullaing, Rushington, D. C.

Dear Sirt

With further refer need to the cree of FAREL Title, Threne to Accessimate German Chancellor, Adolph littler, there are transmitted herewith copies of a menorendum from Acsistant Attorney General Joseph B. Heenan, daws November 10, 1933, and copies of the inclosure mentioned therein.

While the statoments made by Chicago, Illinois, have no direct connection with Daniel Stern, the information is similar to that previously received concerning this individual.

The information contained in the monorendum of the Assistant Attorney General, is apparently identical with that contained in your letter dated October 21, 1933, transmitting to the Sivision information proviously reof the celved from concerning Er. Kimball.

It is suggested that the Chicago Office be furnished with the information already obtained by your office, relative to this matter, with the request that the necessary, additional investigation be performed.

Very truly yours,

65-53615-X Director.

TNS: RCL

December 11, 1933.

Special Agent in Charge, Division of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, 1900 Bankers' Building, Cnicago, Illinois.

Pear Sir:

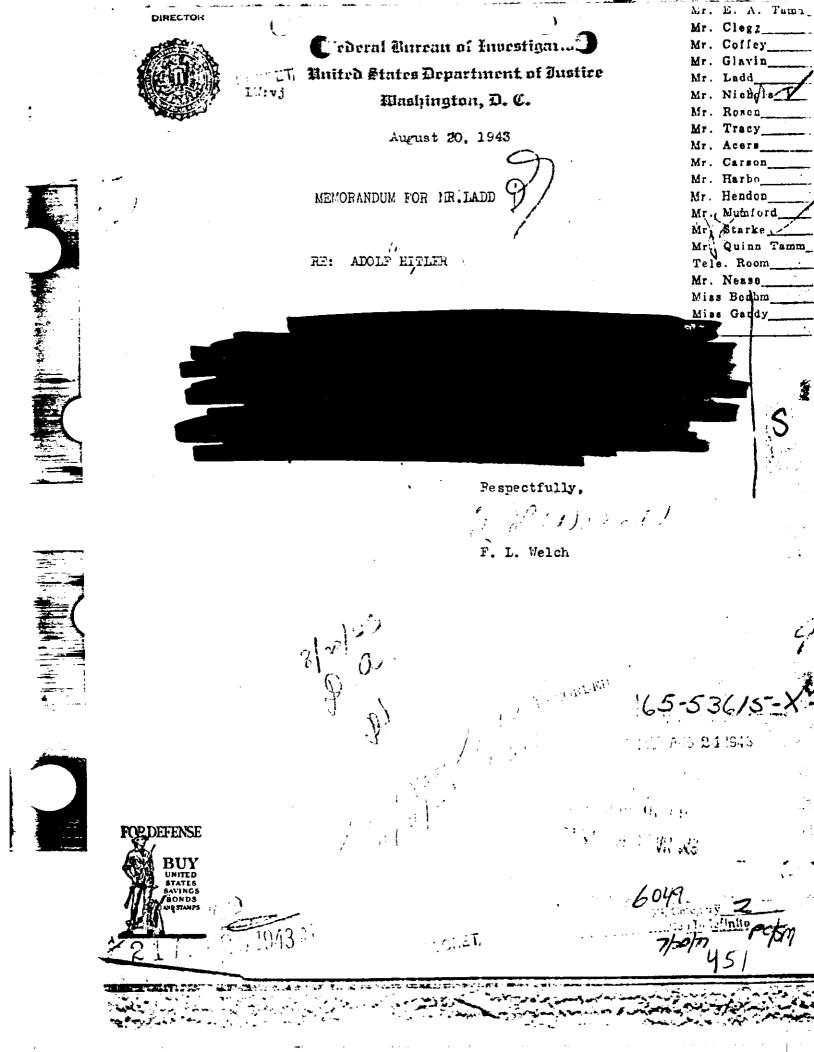
Reference is made to a letter directed to your Office from the Tashington Field Office dated Rovember 29, 1933 relative to elleged plans to assassinate Chancellor Hitler.

You are requested to immediately conduct the necessary investigation.

Very truly yours,

Director.

RECORDE



Federal Bureau of knoestigation United States Department of Justice New York 7, New York

SLD: VW 65-4309

April 28, 1944

Director, FBI

Dear Sir:

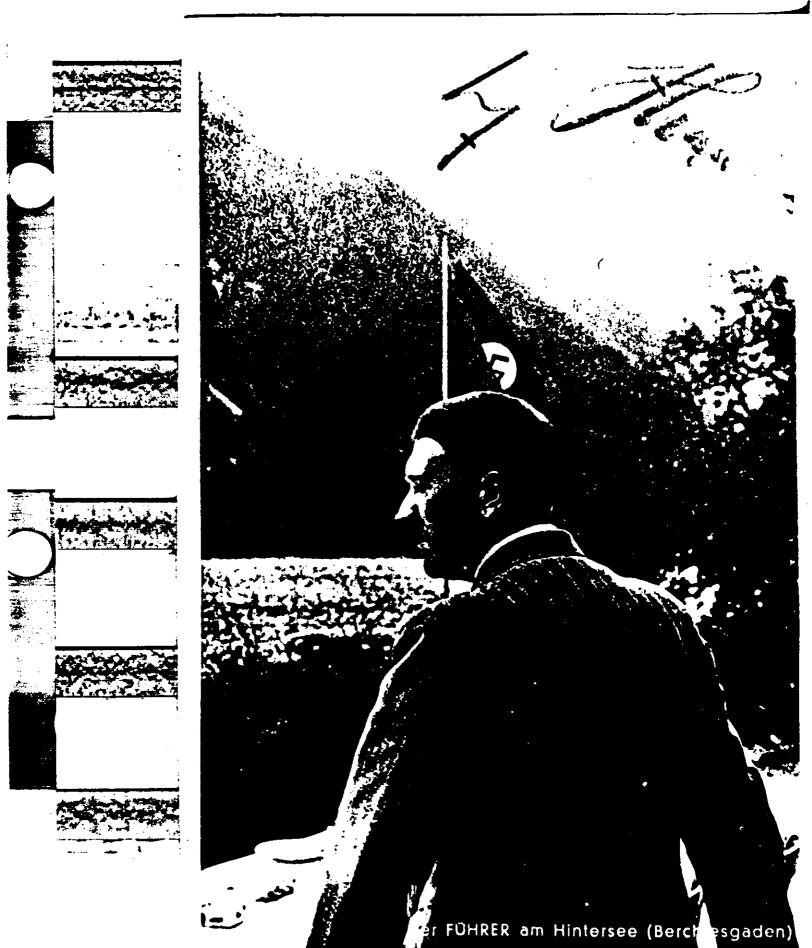
The District Intelligence Office, Third Naval District, has given me what purports to be a copy of the birth certificate of Adolph Hitler. I am enclosing a photostatic copy of this certificate, which is reportedly reproduced from the original in the parish offices of Braunau-on-the-Inn on September 7, 1933. According to a representative of the District Intelligence Office this document records the fact that in the city and parish of Braunauon-the-Inn, dioces of Linz, in the country of upper Austria, there was born on the 20th day of April, 1889, one Adolph Hitler, son of Alois Hitler, Imperial Customs Official, and Klara Pall of Spittal, lower Austria; and on the 22nd day of April, 1889, Adolph Hitler was baptised according to the Roman Catholic rites. Johann and Johanna Pienk, Vienna III, Lowingasse 28, served as baptismal sponsors.

The above is being submitted to you for your information and as of possible interest.

Very truly yours,

Special Agent in Charge

Enclosure



Fiederal Bareau of Inniveligitie Washing In W. B. Wear Sins Please incretigate if Possible mital delay. dolph Wither, leaving for Name day in digentaria

¥ 455

HN EDGAR HOOVER	C-287	Mr. Tolson
DIRECTOR		Mr. E. A. Tamm
وختلتين	Federal Bureau of knuestigati.	Mr. Clegg
		Mr. Glavin
	linited States Department of Bustice	Mr. Ladd
		Mr. Nichols
	Mashington, D. C.	Mr. Rosen
A STATES	2 1 261	Mr. Tracy
	September L, 1944 MEMORANDUM FOR THE THE	Mr. Carson
40 700		Mr. Coffey
AG:FOS	F 10	Mr. Harbo
	The state of the s	Mr. Hendon
	MEMORANDUM FOR THE	Mr. Kramer
	·	Mr. McGuire
	Per Possible Flight of Adolph Hitler t	
	Argentina	Mr. Quinn Tamm
•-	and a control of the	Tele. Room
I'any I	political observers have expressed the opinion that	Mr. Nease
uph Hitler ma	ay seek refuge in Argentina after the collapse of	•
Pa74+4	ical ramifications land credence to this possignia	Miss Gandy
roll 6.	Hed that the duly appointed Argentine Consul Hell	lmuth.
ntancibly accid	gned to a Consular post in Spain, had plans which	included clandestine
eetings with P	itler and Himmler for the arranging of importing a	ims and technicians
into Argentina.	Hellmuth, intercepted by the British at Trinicas	i, never completed
his mission.		
		1
Arjen	tina remains a mysterious maze of questionable cha	aracters.
າປາດ າ ກໍ .	11 be recalled for her notorious affair with the (German diplomation
representative :	in New York, is presently residing in Buenos Aires	s. form
lustrian munitio	ons king and ex-husband of precently co	onverted his bicycle
factories into	an Argentine plant for the manufacturing of munitary President of game to conducts a long range politically	ions. Arminity Arias,
pro-uzis custed	resident of giner, conducts a long range point.	otherst of the imania
Buesos Alres, T	well known as the swellivian reliches, still claims to be in Argentina as	the nost are named
industrialist v.	cortel Metallgesellschaft.	the postual prairies
ior the Garan	Giller Ferrise serrecture of	
6 3ar	ge realthy Sermen colony in Argentina affords tre	mendous possibilities
for the providi	ny of a refuse for Hitler and his benchmen. One	of the members. Count
Luxburg, has be	en mentioned as operating a ranch which would ser	ve in providing a hav
		•
Ty th		ndoning of Germany in
ts collarse, i	e very nature of any plans formulated for the aba	egations with regard
o Arcentina's	t is virtually impossible to substantiate any all	3
ttached to the	t is virtually impossible to substantiate any all serving the Mazis after defeat; however some sign	ificance may be
she will serve	t is virtually impossible to substantiate any all serving the Nazis after defeat; however some sign a fact that Argentina remains silent dispite all t	ificance may be he accusations that
	t is virtually impossible to substantiate any all serving the Mazis after defeat; however some sign fact that Argentina remains silent dispite all tag a terminus for Hitler after a non-stop flight o	ificance may be that the accusations that f
Herlin to Rueno	t is virtually impossible to substantiate any all serving the Nazis after defeat; however some sign a fact that Argentina remains silent dispite all t	ificance may be that the accusations that f
	t is virtually impossible to substantiate any all serving the Nazis after defeat; however some sign fact that Argentina remains silent dispite all tag a terminus for Hitler after a non-stop flight obs Aires in an especially constructed plane or as	ificance may be he accusations that f 7,376 miles from
ange submarine	t is virtually impossible to substantiate any all serving the Mazis after defeat; however some sign a fact that Argentina remains silent dispite all tag a terminus for Hitler after a non-stop flight one Aires in an especially constructed plane or as	ificance may be he accusations that f 7,376 miles from a passenger in a long
ange submarine This	t is virtually impossible to substantiate any allosorving the Mazis after defeat; however some sign a fact that Argentina remains silent dispite all that atterminus for Hitler after a non-stop flight obs Aires in an especially constructed plane or as matter continues to be the subject of a coordinate	ificance may be he accusations that f 7,376 miles from a passenger in a longed investigation by
ange submarine This he Bureau repr	this virtually impossible to substantiate any allosorving the Nazis after defeat; however some sign a fact that Argentina remains silent dispite all that atterminus for Hitler after a non-stop flight one Aires in an especially constructed plane or as matter continues to be the subject of a coordinate estimatives throughout the world. Information de	ificance may be he accusations that f 7,376 miles from a passenger in a longed investigation by veloped to date has,
range submarine This the Bureau repr	t is virtually impossible to substantiate any allosorving the Mazis after defeat; however some sign a fact that Argentina remains silent dispite all that atterminus for Hitler after a non-stop flight obs Aires in an especially constructed plane or as matter continues to be the subject of a coordinate	ificance may be he accusations that f 7,376 miles from a passenger in a longed investigation by veloped to date has,

58 SEP 16 10 10 10

HWC:WMJ EX - 72

June 18, 1945



I have received your letter of June 11, 1945, and want to thank you for your interest and courtesy in writing to this Bureau.

In the event you receive additional information which you believe to be of interest to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, I want you to feel free to communicate with the Special Agent in Charge of our New Haven Field Division which is located at 510 The Trust Company Building, New Haven 10, Connecticut.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

acong the entire MAILED Glavin Lado Nicholi JUN 13 1045 P.M. r. Nichols
r. Rosen
r. Tracy
r. Carson
r. Egan
r. Hendon
r. Pennington
r. Quinn Tamm FEDERAL BURGAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HUSTICE 1945

1.0. 11 -17,75 Herald 1 Dear her stronger I like to your your all the information Know what Willer Cololof. Hee go from Henry is agention in Submaine with 3 other more to currentina when he get to the rooter. He destry the 3 name that avigale the put of fee put a time bomb in the such and blow it to the bottom and Jet to the bouler by plane that was waiting or him. The home his face all fix up or the left up he cloud fook the same. and he nue the number of the miller. That all I the own about him. I cloud himous Engentina nove them by Non- But I have that told in a operational reeting. It that will help I would like

Hust very much that he have his newticine what he described. Hoping that I but you in the right track to fried him Wery Truly your $\operatorname{William}_{\mathbb{R}^{n+1}}$

r party were Rudolph Hess, selves socially showrecked when selves socially showrecked when works named second by it was over. Like Hitter, they were transportation strike in Berlin. After his electoral victory of loss of left they had for the outbreak inching to gain if only they had subsequently played as logist and there thoughts and actions and their clicial. Hess tions by a superiority compress to England the realization of which became the realization of which became the realization of which became the realization of their dream. In the realization of their dream, only the left of the realization of their dream. They declared was not the realization of their dream. They declared was not the regulationists, whose methods of the Realization of their being like on the Versailles Treaty, on the lead, was the rown. As Geebbels, who was force of eloquidation, and and daring of digit, that it is proved to the control of the realization of their based in the reconstituted Governme to the second of the realization of their work of the realization of their dream. They declared was not the royal professional revolutionists, of proposal and Enlightenment of the second of the realization of their work of the lead, was their own. As Geebbels, who was their own. As Geebbels, who was their own. As Geebbels, who was about making speeches because their own. As Geebbels, who was about making speeches because their own. As Geebbels, who was about making speeches because their own as Government of the dark of the realization of their they had been declared and their single political development of the decentance of the realization of their they have the realization of their dream. They declared was not enough for his professional revolutionists, of proposal and Enlightenment. They declared was not enough for his would roll." In his testimony Hitchen was not enough for his would roll." In his testimony Hitchen was not enough for his would roll." In his testimony Hitchen was not enough for his would roll." In his testimony Hitch

later became Deputy Fuehrer, selves socially shipwrecked when

prisoned for Treason, He Is Soon Freed Chancellorship Won by Series of Intrigues

ler forced his way into an as-fiantly. He was arrested, Goering, ibly of high-ranking Bavarian who was also in the van, was derals, Ministers, Government wounded, but escaped and later feels and politicians in the fled the country. Hitler fell to the makeller of the Munich City ground.

Il on the evening of Nov. 8 and. Testimony at the trial that followed the affair was almost unanitable the air, announcing that his mous that Hitler was the first man deutling had become He called for to get up and run for cover. He the air, announcing that his mous that Hitler was the first man folution had begun. He called for to get up and run for cover. He march on Berlin and pleaded the those present to give him ir blessing. They were taken and tried for treason. The sence they had pretended to enage Hitler they knew that the for action was not ripe and made him promise that ne do nothing reckless and Rebuilt Power After Defeat. do nothing reckiess and not ure violence that might

same the cown positions.

line with this conception.

Was a distinct class element tarists and reactionaries, headed by von Kahr, Minister-President, and General von Lossow. Chief of the officers and leaders were the Bavarian Army, pretended to give their assent. The army and State officials returned to their officers and regarded him with suspi
Hitler a traitor to the State.

There followed a skirmish part

the day in the center of the city bethe side and showed that his horse of success were not to be
the content of the city bethe content of imized.

Ludendorff beside him. Confident that was this distinction that was the police would not fire upon sarily responsible for the fair-seeing Ludendorff, Hitler marched on Hitler's first "Putsch" on But the police fired nevertheless. 8 and 9, 1923, in Munich, less. The thousands of Nazis scattered in all directions, with Ludenselieving his "Tag" had arrived, ler forced his way into an assignment who was also in the van was the police for the fair-ler forced his way into an assignment who was also in the van was

· Rebuilt Power After Defeat

do nothing reckless and not in violence that might After the fiasco of the Munich in the violence that might After the fiasco of the Munich in the field own positions.

"Putsch" if seemed as if Hitler's Upon calling Hitler to the Charles was of incendiary origin, for the importunities the butt of ridicule. The Government with other parties of the properties of the prope

instrument for the schievement was to realized by what he called a vigorous minority, a describing the men Hiller met when boined the German Labor party of intellectuals, of Dietrich Eckhart, a journalist, whom he obtained the basic spiles of the ideology later in 1923. Others whom Hiller

Line task of building his right and on the right and connumber of Hillerian and connumbers thed by the Nazis. Eckhart of that time.

In 1923. Others whom Hitler of humble origin who had gone ity of republican institutions. In through the war and found them
The Hitlerites and Communists the Hitlerites and Communists and Communists are party were Rudolph Hess, through the war and found themworked together in staging a great

same time, however, Hitler rog tered his greatest electoral t umph from the point of view votes received. From then on was, indeed, a power not to

Reichstag Fire Precedes Election Victor

Chancellorship. Bruening resigned more seek the approval of the and Franz von Papen, a Catholic torate. Hindenburg was pleased and a diplomat remembered in the this ostensible desire of Hitler United States for his espionage seek the support of the major and sabotage work during the First World War, was appointed in his place. Von Papen's Ministry was known as "the Cabinet of monocles." It had no basis of support in the Reichstag or in the gone before. With the machine and sabotage work during the machine in the Reichstag or in the gone before. With the machine is not sabotage work during the machine in the campaign that ensued in the campaign that population and was obviously stop-gap.

General von Schleicher, army chief, fearing a union of the Hit-lerites and Communists, against

whom the army would be unable cripple the campaign activities to stand, forced von Papen's resignation and himself assumed the Chancellorship. Von Schleicher's was "the second Cabinet of monocles." Powerful elements in the army and around von Papen, bent on helping Hitler to the Chancellor-ship, refused to support von Schleicher, however, who thereupon demanded another dissolution of maneuvered by the Nazi chieft the Reichstag and a general election. Hindenburg refused, and on the advice of his son. Oskar, and General von Blomberg, who subset in the history of the Nazi reg. quently became Minister of War came on the evening of Feb. was on Jan. 30, 1933. Hitler's goal was attained.

White to Schleicher's place. This building suddenly went up fiames. Part of the building

What followed was a series of accepted these terms, with the intrigues behind the scenes that viso that row Reichstag electively landed. Hitler in the were to be called so he might o

of Government in their hands in command of the National Tre ury, with the prestige of author behind them, the Nazis were s to terrorize the electorate and other parties as to command advantage.

In vain did the Nationalisheaded by Hugenberg, who suspe ed what was coming, object to dissolution of the Reichstag and calling of a new election. Hav

The Burning of the Reichsta

One of the most shocking leve

themselves at war with Hitler and in "Mein Kampf." he wrett mass il themselves at war with Hitler and in "Mein Kampf." [tion. We that what he simed at week. than the substitution of a pagani

German god for Christ, Some brave representatives of In his prison cell Niemoeller be- erty, wretchedness and frustrations came the symbol of Christianity of his youth. struggling to maintain its truth Hitler was born in an inn at and identity against the Nazi Branau, Austria, close to the Gar-State.

Mass Unrest His Springboard

conditions, as they developed in post-war Germany, smarting pain-fully under humiliation and defeat springboard for Hitler's leap to power in 1933. Having become disappointed in all other parties, a accepted the Nazia when the latanda ingeniously directed by Government.

But an understanding of Hitler's by students of the man in study of his youth and family history.

One of the most striking contradictions was the discrepancy be-tween the magnetism he exercised over millions and the unprepossessing appearance of this champion of Aryan race purity. Professor Max von Grober, noted German authority on race hygiene, gave the following description of Hitler when he met him for the first time at a political trial in a German

court in 1923:
"Face and head, bad—mongrel Low, receding forehead, unhand-some nose, broad cheekbones, small eyes, dark heir. Expression of the face not that of one commanding full self-control, but of one instantly excited. At the end-the expres-

sion of happy complacency."

Many who watched Hitler from the time when he first made his appearance on the political scene noticed his megalomania, his ganibler's readiness to take risks, his habit of wild exaggeration and inability to greep the full implica-tions of things he said and did. It that was considered responsible for moments after violent outbursts of into tears and hysterics.

Propaganda a Basic Weapon

in this field enhanced his contempt qualification.

Hitler was born in an inn at man frontier, April 20, 1889. His father was Alois Schickelgruber, the illegitimate son of Alois Hitler. The social, political and economic The future Fuehrer's parent was originally a peasant, but later en-tered the Austrian customs service. He was married three times, his and struggling for nearly fifteen third wife, who was also his nieco years with internal discension and and ward, being twenty years mass unemployment, supplied the younger than her husband. She was the future dictator's mother.

three marriages contracted by Hitsufficient number of Germans had ler's father, who died of pulmonary hemorrhage at the age of 66. His ter, by means of force and propa- three wives died of weak chests. Two of Hitler's brothers and a sis-Hitler, had moneuvered themselves for died in childrond. A niece of into a position from which they the Fuehrer committed suicide. A could strike for seizure of the half-brother had no progeny. The German dictator himself never married. At the age of 16 he sufconduct both before and after his fered from lung trouble. On his advent to power has been sought mother's side there were several eccentrics in the family. In gen-eral, the family showed definite cal maneuver his repeatedly pro- he felt that his day w tendencies to illness and mental instability.

German Adherent From Youth

Unlike his father, who was a fervent supporter of the Austro-Hungarian monarchy and wanted his son to follow him in the Govern-ment service, Adolf Hitler was from early youth a strong acherent of Germany. He was convinced that it was the historic mission of the Germans to rule the Austrians and the complex of races inhabiting Franz Josef's land.

Hitler had no love for his father and resented his insistence that he prepare himself for the Government service. Not venturing to dely his father openly, he adopted a policy of passive resistance by his father's prediction that no good idling away his time at school. At would ever come of his son. He the age of 14, after his father's was poor, miserable and hopeless. death. Hitler went to live with his war Came as a Deliverance mother at Linz. There he stayed until he was 19, pampered by his mother, who catered to his habit of idling.

Upon her death he found himself was this failure to measure the alone and friendless, without any significance of his words and deeds means of earning a living and quite unprepared for the battle of the coolness he displayed at critical life. He had been a failure at school and was unable to pass examinathought and temper, although on tions. While his parents were still occasions he was reported to fall alive Hitler had gone for a short time to Munich, where he had taken some courses in drawing. At the same time, however, he took himself to Vienna, where he possessed an uncanny shrewdness applied for admission to the Acadin his estimate of the conduct and cmy of Arts. He thought of becompsychology of masses and indiing an architect. The few drawings
viduals, and developed to a fine he presented to the director were
degree the art of swaying their so mediocre, however, that his apemotions. The success he achieved plication was dealed for lack of

of worth considersmild a master class inverior and superior ra

his regime when they discovered which found expression in his that what he simed at was no less which found expression in his that master class in sire and superior rate in the substitution of a pagan which found expression in his that master class in sire and superior rate in the substitution of a pagan which found expression in his that master class in sire in the substitution of a pagan which found expression in his that master class in sire in the classification as merciless treatment of opponents addition to dividing mankind into man.

Some brave representatives of and persecution of the Jews, active churches defied Hitler when all cording to psychologists who have others had been broken. Of these studied the man's career closely, Pastor Niemoeller was pre-eminent. emanated in Hitler from the pov-His Anti-Semitism Built on Idea of

Long before he had dreamed of physical weakness. He schieving power he had developed teered for the German the principles that nations were when accepted, felt a destined to hate, oppose and de-power and of great thin stroy one another; that the law of At the front, where he history was the struggle for sur-vival between peoples; that the less. No one wrote to Germans were chosen by destiny to one sent him parcels. I rule over others, and that the great mass of the people were mediocrities immersed in a low materialism and destined to be dominated by a higher social type. The Jews he re-Seven children were born of the garded as particularly inferior and

a danger to all other peoples.

These, it may be said, were the only principles to which Hitler re- beyond the rank of lar mained true, for he violated the He was gassed, and th basic principles of the Nazi economic and social program, threw overboard the principle, so often with pain the collapse proclaimed by him as Nazi party man Empire. His hour leader and Fuehrer, that what he struck, but, enraged at desired was the union of all Ger-tion and the revolution mans and not the incorporation at the Kaiser and and of other races in the Reich, and von Hindenburg because claimed unalterable opposition to bolshevism, with which he consummated a treaty of non-aggression in the midst of the Polish crisis turn to civilian life:

of August, 1939. Fitler left Vienna in 1913 for Munich, where he supported him-self by doing odd jobs as a painter and barely managed to earn his keep. He shared a room with a Viennese engineer, but had no real friends and no contacts with wo-side the Reichswehr comen. Those who came in contact the overthrow of the with him were struck by his passion for politics and political resurgence of the cowrangles. He drifted, unable to officers and former
find regular employment of the kind his father had wanted him to spiratory "free cor have Hitler himself disclosed later tions formed for poli his father's prediction that no good and the spreading of was poor, miserable and hopeless, helped stage revolts

War Came as a Deliverance

Then came the war. It lifted archist Kapp "Putal Hitler from obscurity into a state 1920, when the in of exaltation.

"To me those hours were like a deliverance," Hitler wrote of the claimed by the Ebert outbreak of the war in "Mein Kampf." "I am not ashamed to say that, overcome by a storm of ashamism I fell on my kness and dermine the flow enthusiasm, I fell on my knees and dermine the Gov thanked Heaven from an overflow-thwart the work

ing heart."

A year before, in Salzburg, the lished in Garmany, t austrian doctors had rejected him for nulitary service because of provisions of the Ve

were recognized by his however, and he was with the Iron Cross.

Regarded as an eccel comrades, he replied of will hear much of me Because his superiors him acriously he was n war found him in a Passewalk, Pomerania

ficially demobilized, in the service of the

Some of these against the Governm notable of which w

A Spy for Conspirators Against. Joined 'German Labor Party' Ban

lication was denied for lack of Hitler acted as an intelligence publican leaders, no ualification.

From 1909 to the outbreak of corps" bands. He established relations with interest World Was Hitler Lad at the corps with interest with the corps with the in this field enhanced his contempt qualification.

for the people, whom he called a from 1909 to the outbreak of corps" bands. He established relations with influential military circles of stupidity and coward-lived in a Vienna "flophouse," directed propaganda by a determined minority, backed by force at the spent nights on park benches, a sure road to victory.

"By shread and constant application for the people, whom he called a from 1909 to the outbreak of corps" bands. He established relations with influential military circles both inside and outside the Reichswehr. When the latter suppressed the Communist regime in He spent nights on park benches, Bavarla in 1919, Hitler furnished the strategic moment, constituted barassed by the police. He was an information that led to the execution of many Communists and Southern a sure road to victory.

"Ev shread and constant application for many Communists and South for the first work of the military circles both inside and outside the Reichswehr. When the latter suppressed the Communist regime in 1919, Hitler furnished the task of keeph cless both inside and outside the Reichswehr. When the latter suppressed the Communist regime in 1919, Hitler furnished the task of keeph cless with inside and outside the latter suppressed the Communist regime in 1919, Hitler furnished the task of keeph cless with inside and outside the Reichswehr. When the latter suppressed the Communist regime in 1919, Hitler furnished the task of keeph cless with inside and outside the Reichswehr. When the latter suppressed the Communist regime in 1919, Hitler furnished the task of keeph cless with inside and outside the Reichswehr. When the latter suppressed the Communist regime in 1919, Hitler furnished the task of keeph cless with inside and outside the Reichswehr. When the latter suppressed the Communist suppressed the C

THE

Hitler Fought Way to Power Unique in Modern History

Bent Most of Europe to His Will by Manipulating Chaos That Was Aftermath of the First World War

rope, was, like Lenin and Musso-lini, a product of the First World War. The same general circum-stances, born of the titanic con-there seemed to be no one who flict, that carried Lenin, a bookish would dare to challenge Hitler's professional revolutionist, to the pinnacle of power in the Empire until he met resistance from to mastery for Mussolini in the to mastery for Mussolini in the Rome of the Caesars also paved the way for Hitler's domination in the former mighty Germany of the Hohenzollerns.

Like Lenin and Mussolini, Hitler came out of the blood and chaos of 1914-18, but of the three he was the strangest phenomenon. Lenin, while not known to the general public, had for many years before the Russian Revolution occupied a prominent place as leader and theoretician of the Bolshevist party. Mussolint was a widely known So-cialist editor, orator and politician before making his bid for power, position firoughout the world that Hitler was nothing, and from noth-might eventually destroy him. ing he became everything to most Germans.

Lenin dreamed of world revolution. Mussolini thundered of the coming world victory of fascism. Hitler actually challenged the earth to combat by unleashing another war of nations. Emerging from the field in 1918 as an obscure lance corporal, he led Germany twenty-one years leter as supreme Fuehrer and War Lord.

Subdued Many Nations

Before the climax of a career unparalleled in history, he had subdued nine nations, defied successfully and humiliated the greatest powers of Europe, and created a social and economic system founded upon the complete subjection of scores of millions to his will

Sixty-five million Germans yielded to the blandishments and magnetism of this slender man of medium height, with little black mustache the regime and insisted upon ful-and shock of dark hair, whose fer-vor and demagogy swept every-promises in the economic field. The world-wide condemnation of arms as the savior and regenerator his methods was fed by the system

itants, succumbed helplessly to his conquered, the jailing of scores of invasion. More than 2,000,000 Ger- thousands in prisons and concen-mans in the Sudeten country were tration camps, the secret murder added to his domain when he of opponents and those suspected threatened to invade Czechoslo- of opposition, the ruthless destruction of the Jews and the personance vakia, and 10,000,600 Czechs and tion of the Jews and the personance vakia, and the personance vakia, and the personance vakia, and Declarated to his observation of the Catholic and Declarated

Adolf Hitler, one-time Austrian while all of Central Europe trem-vagabond who rose to be the dic-bled before what appeared to be the tator of Germany, "augmenter of irresistible advance of the goose-the Reich" and the scourge of Eu-stepping Nazi hordes of his adopted stepping Nazi hordes of his adopted

> there seemed to be no one who French alliance.

> Shortly after his dismemberment and subjugation of Czechoslovakia Hitler was reported to have said, "My time is short." His blow against Poland and challenge to France and England less than a year later were taken as indications that he had determined deliberately to stake all he had achieved and all that he still yearned fordomination of Europe-upon one card, war, sensing, perhans, that time was against him, that he had unleashed forces of hatred and op-

Series of Broken Promises

Those who had hoped that success at home and extension of his power abroad would make him sure hours day-dreaming and more circumspect and reluctant to broading over his frustration. He pursue the program of conquest he broading over his frustration. He pursue himself in "Mein" Kampf" and in his speeches had abandoned that hope when, in violation of his promise to respect the integrity of Czechoslovakia after Munich, he marched on Prague and reduced that nation to a German protectorate

It was not the first promise he had broken. His whole course at home and abroad had been marked by broken promises and he did not hesitate to massacre many of his own closest adherents, as he did in the purge of June, 1934, when he personally directed the killing of in all basic features of social, po- personally directed the killing of litical, economic and cultural life. Capt. Ernst Rochm and a group of leading Nazis who had ventured to interfere in his plans for a closer association of the Reichswehr with

of terrorism he had established at of the Fatherland.

Austria, with 7,000,000 inhabhome and in the countries he had Slovaks were tied to his chartot tion of the Catholic and Protestant wheel, their nation stripped of ats Churches in his drive for nazifi-defenses, their State destroyed, cation of the nation.





to earn a precarious living by painting picture postcards for tradesmen and doing minor carpenter work.

Nevertheless, he considered himself to be an artist of talent and hated the world for not according raphy that up to his twenty-fifth year he was what is known as good-for-nothing, a spoiled idler. Moved by a sensitive ego, a restless spirit and a quick mind, heyearned passionately to make an impression, to gain recognition, to attain to great achievements, to know everything, to attract atten-tion, to master the world.

Politica His Ruling Passion

His greatest passion was for polltics. A shy and beaten youth, Hitier would become transformed as soon as conversation turned on matters political. His tongue would oosen and a torrent of words would rush from his lips. In those days before the First World War Hitler never formed friendships, male or female. He never communicated with his family, who thought him dead. Jeered at by acquaintances, he wept.

The one thing that gave him hope and courage was the disintegration of the Austro-Hungarian Empire, which he foresaw, and evidences of which had become apparent to many long before the war. Considering himself a German, he felt superior to those ground him. For the Slavs of the apparent he felt contempt For the empire he felt contempt. For the Jews he felt haired has for the workers he believed than to be



UBER FAMILY





His father

new power and greatness to come. The extremism of his utterances and promises made little impres-sion at first. The poor lance corpotal was trested as a circus performer. Peopl. laughed at him and his dreams. Germany lay crushed and prostrate after her defeat in a four-year war. Poverty and misery were abroad in the land. It seemed as if many decades would have to pass before the nation could pull itself together on the basis of a new order. But Hitler persevered.

Strategy Formula Simple

His strategy was based on a simple principle; to obtain the support of powerful and influential elements in the army, industry and finance and to butiress that with support among the masses. He addressed himself first to the middle classes, ruined by inflation, and managed to obtain some assistance from elements among the workers disappointed in the revolution.

To the middle classes he promised relief from what he called the tyranny of big business, particularly the department stores, with which aniall tradeamen found it difficult to compete. He promised them that when in power he would a like was one of the greatest upsets dissolve the department stores and in the turbulent history of the sholish all interest. To the works them that when in power he would abolish all interest. To the workers he promised dissolution of the trusts. Neither of these promises was kep!

Added to his economic program. designed to appeal to the ruined middle-class elements, he put forward his alogans of extreme nationalism and racism—the union of all Germans on the basis of selfdetermination in a greater Germany. It was not until 1928 that

prison or taking special measures, with them. Thus the movement for some time Hitler appeared to gathered force as the final show go into retirement. He was at work on "Mein Kampf," begun in prison, but at the same time con-tinued quietly at the task of rebuilding his shattered group and developing the foundations for his mass movement.

Within the next seven years he obtained a huge following, which came to number 3,000,000. It was built along military lines, with army corps, regiments and com-panies. The men wore uniforms and were subject to strict military discipline. This army consisted of the Storm Troops, who were brown shirts, and the Black Guards, representing more carefully picked Men like Guatav Stresemann, formations, wearing black shirts, say nothing of Socialists and Details. These troops acted as the Hitler police at public meetings and and held up to public ignomin demonstrations, attacked Jews in the streets of Munich, broke up ger. An atmosphere of disorder we meetings and the constant design of the constant design. meetings of the opposition, staged created with the intent of feeding street brawls with Communists popular demand for a "sixe and republicans, beat up leaders of other parties and, in general, conducted a reign of terror with which the authorities found it in
which the authorities found it in
rected by Dr. Joseph Goebbels." creasingly difficult to cope in pro-portion as the political aspect of the Nazi movement gathered his ties with the Re'chswehr, wi strength.

The nation was thrown into a state of veritable civil war. The fending those millions of the possibilities and Democrats took lation upon whom the Reichsw counter-measures by forming their itself, seeking the rearmamen semi-military Reichsbanner, while Germany, had to depend. Will the Communists, fighting the So-positive genius for political strain. cialists and the republicans, organized their Red-Front Fighters ized their Red-Front Fighters. League. The authorities in Bavaria, Thuringia and other German States openly sided with the Hitlerites and facilitated their work. Soon the authorities in Prussia began to find and blind approval of his flast and blind app

martyr of him by keeping him in it more and more difficult to cop down was approaching.

Powerful Elements Allied

The same methods that Hills subsequently used against othe nations—intimidation, violent ar abusive propaganda, coercion anterror—were applied by the Nazi to their political opponents in Germany With increased support for many. With increased support five the army and industrialists, gigantic propaganda machine wast up, which, backed by millio of throats, blared wild accusation in an unending stream against t Government and leaders of oth parties.

Men like Gustav Stresemann crats were denounced as traits

In the meantime, through C came to realize more and more he could not be resisted without

Reich Army Generals Become His Caption His Political Power Increased After 15

before his advent to power, the raised to a degree never k army generals had become his prisbefore, and popular discontent oners. Those who, like General tinued to mount in every von Schleicher, later attempted to threatening degree. withdraw to an independent policy, paid for it with their lives or with oblivion.

in the years after the Munich putsch, it was not until 1930 that littler emerged definitely as a littler emerged definitely as a littler energed definitely as a little would attain that powers that he would attain that powers that he would attain that powers that he would attain that powers are little and the little would attain that powers are little and the little would attain that powers are little and the little would attain that powers are little and little would attain that powers are little would attain that are little would attain th mighty political power in Germany. As late as 1928, in the Reichstag Intenti elections of that year, Hitler was d'état. able to obtain only twelve seats. But in the elections held in the fall of 1930 he received 6,000,000 votes and captured 107 scats.

struggling German Republic. By view. He appeared to have we this time Hitler had become the president's confidence by a Nazi party members but of the enthusiastically of the army Nazi party members but of the pressing his profound into masses who cast their ballots for its welfare, while pledging him

economic crisis that broke over the unity between Hitler and world in 1929 and struck Germany with particular severity. Nearly 7,000,000 unemployed, added to the he come forward with a program millions of impoverished middle-

Already in those days, five years radically curtailed, taxes

threatening degree.
There was talk of Hitler's taken into the Government, I persistently refused, sayin But great as were his successes would not rule unless he wa "legal" means only, that he i intention of carrying out a

In 1931 Hitler was received President von Hindenburg f first time. Until that mome aged President had steadfas fused to meet the man wh regarded as an "upstart." took good advantage of that view. He appeared to have w The factor that gave his move-ment this great impetus was the gonomic crisis that have ing, against whom the Ns Nearly been waging a vitriolic can

Hitler Against Hinden



army Poisnd, he added that nonaggression pact with War-saw would "bring about lasting and continuous pacification." In November he again stressed this idea, and in January, 1939, he praised the Pact of Warsaw in an address before the Reichstag. In that month Foreign Minister Minister Joseph Beck of Poland visited the Fuehrer at Berchtesgaden. It was reported that they had reached an agreement on various questions Foreign Minister Joachim von Ribbentrop returned treaty.

Beck's visit by going to Warsaw.

But the end of the idyll was approaching.

and Moravia after reducing Slo-sign the treaty. It was signed vakia to the role of a vassal of within twelve hours. Poland was vakia to the role of a vassal of

. Abuse of Germans Alleged

the Danzig issue. In accordance ler intensified his pressure on Warwith the practice the Nazis had saw. used so effectively in Austria and in the Sudeten region, they Berlin with Sir Nevile Henderson launched a campaign of propa- and "left no doubt in the mind of ganda charging mistreatment of the British Ambassador that the Germans by Poles in territory held obligations assumed by the British by Germany before 1918. At the Government (to come to the desame time a drive was inaugurated fense of Poland) could not induce for the annexation of Danzig, the Germany to renounce the defense municipal administration of which of her vita! interests." Hitler let it had in the meantime come under be known that his army was ready Nazi rule, with Poland, however, for action. It was also reported, still retaining the rights she held two days later, that Hitler had there under the Danzig statute. It told Henderson that Britain must became clear that Hitler was about a benedict here with Poland. became clear that Hitler was about abandon her alliance with Poland. to embark upon a new adventure, On Aug. 25 Hitler took another in violation of the statement he step toward the annexation of Pledges Repeatedly Flouted of frontiers from the atmendation and made as late as Sept. 12, 1938, Danzig by proclaiming Foerster as Fuebrer Pursued His of public discussion in Ger when he declared, referring to his his Staathalter. War seemed imtreaty with Pilsudski:

"When in Poland a great statesman and patriot was ready to con- "man-to-man" letter to Premier clude a pact with us we immediately accepted the treaty recogniz- which he assured the Premier of ing our respective frontiers as in-his love for peace but insisted violable. This treaty has done upon his "minimum demands,"

Frontiers Became 'Unboarable'

In 1939 the frontiers, which Hitler had declared "inviolable" less than a year before, became "un-

bearable."
From March, 1939, the relations between Germany and Poland began to deteriorate rapidly. situation in Danzig grew tense. The controlled German press set up. a hue and cry about Polish "oppression." On April 28, 1939, Hitler addressed a memorandum to Warsaw announcing the abrupt abrogation of the 1934 nonaggression treaty. There was no pro-vision in the pact for such unitateral action.

Soon Nazi armed bands began to seep into Danzig as preparations On Aug. 30 Great Britain retion, the German Government is were begun by both sides for iterated her position and again willing and determined to accept armed action. For five months appealed for negotiations. Hitler's in its innermost soul, as well as Poland lived in a state of semi-answer was an order setting up a external formulation, the Pact of mobilization, and by the time the council for the "defense of the Locarno." crisis reached an acute stage in realm." August millions of men had been

mobilized om both sides. The German press intensified its campaign bentrop summoned Henderson and against Polish "atrocities," deread to him a sixteen-point promanding the unconditional surgram for settlement of the Polish

Polish. The subsequent events that led

n Aug. 18 German troops oc-Slovakia, a move interpretart of the military plan for the' encirclement of Poland.

On Aug. 19 mobilization of the Slovak Army was announced to be incorporated in the German forces.

On Aug. 20 came the announcement of the conclusion of a commercial pact between Germany and Soviet Russia.

On Aug. 21 Berlin sprang its great coup with the announcement then under discussion between the that Germany and Soviet Russia two countries. Foreign Minister had concluded a nonaggression

Poland Left Alone in East

On Aug. 23 Foreign Minister von In March Hitler seized Bohemia Ribbentrop arrived in Moscow to Berlin, and the campelgn against left alone to fight her battle in Poland began. sia obligated herself not to come to the assistance of Poland in the "The "heat" was first turned on event of war with Germany. Hit-

On Aug. 24 Hitler conferred in

minent.

On Aug. 27 Hitler addressed a Edouard Daladier of France in more for peace than all the chat-Danzig and the Corridor. The same tering in Geneva put together." day Berlin announced the cancellation of the Nuremberg Nazi party 'peace congress," set for early in September, and rushed completion of German mobilization.

On Aug. 28 Great Britain informed Hitler through Sir Nevile Henderson that she was determined to stand by her obligations to defend Poland, but at the same time urged direct negotiations between Warsaw and Berlin. France likewise reiterated her determina-

tion to defend Poland.

On Aug. 29 Hitler replied to London, insisting upon the satisfaction of Germany's "minimum demands" before any negotiations could take place.

Great Britain Stands Pat

On Aug. 31 Danzig announced its rejoining of the Reich. Rib-

to the advance of the German into Poland.

After the first real success of the National Bocialist Party members of his party, elected to the Raighstage to outline their pe

as Fuehrer Pursued His Career of Conquest

Hitler's record of broken promises stands out as one of the conspicuous features of his career.

When he first came into power this time on the Austrian qu the question of most immediate on May 21, 1935, Hitler sa concern to Europe was that of the "Germany has neither th concern to Europe was that of the Saar Basin, the part of Germany held by France and administered unite with Austria." by the League of Nations in accordance with the Versailles Treaty this promise by saying: "W for fifteen years. After that period declaration I wish to annour the people of the Saar were to vote the era of so-called surpris on whether they desired to return to Germany, become part of France or remain under the League.

Speaking in the Reichstag on Jan. 30, 1934, on the Saar issue. which was becoming acute because of the approaching plebiscite, Hitler said:

willing and determined to accept nations.

March Into Rhipeland

On March 1, 1935, after the slovakia by mobilizing and plebiscite, in which Germany re- ening to invade her. On t manding the unconditional surrender of Danzig and of the Polish
Corridor, where the inhabitants
had for centuries been 90 per cent

Correspond to the polish
converged to him a sixteen-point proceived more than 90 per cent of casion the Czechs counter
the votes, sovereignty over the retheir own mobilization, an
gion was returned to Germany.
One year later German troops
But in September, 1938, h
and for centuries been 90 per cent
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had for centuries been 90 per cent
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the Votes, sovereignty over the retheir own m Government. | created by the Treaty of versames one Success country of Sept. 1 German troops moved and guaranteed against remilitari- after instigating, as he had be a sept. 1 German troops moved and guaranteed against remilitari- after instigating, as he had be a sept. 1 German troops moved and guaranteed against remilitari- after instigating, as he had created by the Treaty of Versailles the Sudeten country to G zation by the Locarno pact en- tria, a state of civil war

tered into voluntarily by G in 1925.

To reassure Europe as ER RECORD purpose in marching in Rhineland, Hitler declared;

"I have removed the ques

He gave this assurance speech in the Reichstag: three years I believe I car regard the struggle for (equality as over. We have territorial demands to m

Speaking again in the Rel

nor the intention to mix in i

On Jan. 30, 1937, he but been concluded."

Within a little more than after these declarations marched into Austria and porated the country in the (Reich.

A week after German tro driven into Austria Hitler de The eternal dream of the people has been fulfilled. Go "After the solution of this quest wants only peace. She dition, the German Government is want to add to the sorrows of

Conquest After Conque

The conquest of Austr barely two months old when raised the question of

1930. Hitler meets the 107

as an excuse for interven-

crisis ended in the Munich f Sept. 30, 1938, by which my obtained the Budeten and German regions of Czecho-

rring to a speech made by in Berlin after he had gone Minister Neville Chamber-had a passion for being neat. id:

told me privately, and last he repeated publicly, that he Sudeten German question

·d the entire country to a an protectorate.

an. 26, 1984, Hitler concluded -year non-aggression treaty Poland. Under that pact war bsolutely excluded as a means tween the two.

cost him dearly.

ked Tobacco Neither S Nor Drank Liquor

`nd ser egetarian,

Adolf Hitler was an ascetic, a celibate and a vegetarian and he neither smoked nor drank. From his early youth he was an eccentric. At the age of 16 he suffered from lung trouble and his passionate ambition to become a great histo-ric figure impelled him to take good care of himself. Careful diet was his deliberately chosen method.

had attained to the dizzy heights of Fuehrer and Chancellor. He had dence in the Chancellor's Palace in Berlin, a modest apartment in heavy sort. Munich and his chalet near Berchtesgaden.

In Berlin he maintained only five vegetarian dishes and could be relied upon to guard against poisoning; his major-domo and aide-decamp.

The Fuehrer liked to drive fast in an open automobile and was an aviation enthusiast. When driving he preferred to sit in front with the chauffeur.

Had a Passion for Nestness

His favorite costume consisted of black trousers, khaki coat and neat in Berlin after he had gone tie. His only decoration was the him at Berchtesgaden, the Iron Cross he won in the First hat led to the Munich pact, World War. He disliked jewelry but

Hitler never went shopping and had all the things he wanted to purchase sent to him at the Chancellery.

He suffered from insomnia, and iled, that is the end of Ger- for this reason had no regular s territorial claims in Eu- hours for going to bed or rising. Luncheon was always promptly at than six months after these 2 P. M., however. He entertained were spoken, Hitler marched modestly, the guests usually being ops into Czechoslovakia and party officials and leaders from the provinces. He did not expect his guests to eat his vegetarian food, however, and served their favorite meat and fish dishes. Hitler dis-liked festive banquets but enjoyed eating out frequently, particularly ving any questions that might when in Munich, where he had sevbetween the two countries eral haunts. He loved onion soup, both nations pledged them prepared according to his own to maintain the status quo

When in Nuremberg, attending April 28, 1939, following an the spectacular Nazi party con- rious Nazi meetings and spectacles. ss foreshadowing the action, greases, he stayed in a modest apartment at the Deutscher Hof, a the treaty and making descond-rate hostelry. He shrewdly

associates, too, were chosen for wife of the Minister of Propaganda across into his native Austria.

was politics.

rally to him until after he had and wore full dress only on rare achieved a large degree of promi- visits to the opera. nence. He never became a hero to his valet because he did not have ponents, he was kind to animals, his valet because he did not have A militarist he was sickened by per class. But he could be very Ho led a simple life even after he charming to women when he chose and, after achieving power, even learned the art of kissing their not without humor but of a rather

Although he had acquired considerable poise, he was violent in

argument. chef, picked for the post because he Munich, but his greatest woman himself who was being interviewed, knew how to cook Hitler's favorite friend was Frau Victoria von Dirk- While pretending to listen to adfriend was Frau Victoria von Dirk-While pretending to listen to adsen, widow of a millionaire who vice, Hitler always made his own built the Berlin subway. She spent decisions. a large portion of her husband's fortune in helping to finance Hit-sessed a library of 6,000 volumes. ler's propaganda. Although in later His outbursts of furious energy years she fell out with the party, would be preceded by long periods he continued to regard her as a of indelence. When roused to anger he continued to regard her as a

lin home every fortnight.

As a youth Hitler developed a passion for Wagnerian music. In passion for Wagnerian music. In Hitler was truly devoted to music hitler was truly devo tions of his movement, he met sic not only as an art but as a tonie Siegiried Wagner, the composer's Schubert, Beetheren and Wagner, son. Frau Wagner became an enthusiastic Hitlerite and this, together with Hitler's devotion to tion by the Vienna Academy when Wagner, made them fast friends, he applied for admittance to study At one time there were reports that they would marry, but these were denied. Perhaps because of these reports Hitler drew away from her. To Frau Wagner, however, he owed much of his early financial aid. She was not wealthy, but because of her social position she was able to raise considerable sums for the Nazi movement when Hitler most needed money.

vor was Leni Riefenstahl, a former him he amperintended the work in movie actress, whom he entrusted several modernistic rooms and paid with the task of editing the propaspecial attention to the installation ganda film "The Triumph of Will," of Nordic mythological tapestries the photographing of the 1925 depicting Wotan creating the world. Olympic Games in Berlin and va-

English Women His Friends

political purposes. His only passion and Enlightenment, for a boycott on French dress models.

Women of the people did not! Hitler detested evening clothes

Though merciless to political opany. Long before housemaids the sight of blood. A Wagnerian flocked to his support, his feminine mystic, he loved spectacles of supporters were women of the up-heroics and death. He was simple, Spartan and vain to the point of megalomania. While he took good care of his lova! lieutenants he had no real loyalty to anyone, and in . three residences: the official resi- hands in the salon manner. He was his party he knew how to thwart opposition by setting friends against one another. His enemies he suppressed ruthlessly.

While endowed with vast energy, he was a procrastinator in minor servants, carefully chosen from Hitler made what may be called matters and was given to hasty among old party comrades. One of these, Brigadier Schreck, was his chauffeur. The others included his of Frau Katherine Hanfstaengl in terviewer usually found that it was of Frau Katherine Hanfstaengl in terviewer usually found that it was

> He read little, although he posfavorite and for a long time regularly took tea with her at her Eer-lin home every fortnight.

Frau Winifred Wagner, widow of for his nerves. His favorites were

One of the many disappoint-ments of his youth was his rejection by the Vienna Academy when, art and architecture. He found satisfaction for this rebuff as leader of the Nazi party when he super-vised the plans for the Brown House in Munich, party headquarters. He also interfered much in the designing of new museums and Government buildings. To show his appreciation of things beautiful he liked to make gifts of expensively bound books and objects of art.

When the Chancellor's Palace in Another woman who had his fa- Berlin was being redecorated for

Munich His Favorite City

His Munich flat, which he reapartment at the Deutscher Hof, a second-rate hostelry. He shrewdly second-rate hostelry. He shrewdly eschewed personal extravagance as politically unwise. He was fond of films and liked to give private showings of favorate unleast the time of the abrogation of reaty with Poland Hitler also at the Chancellery atter dinner, He is never the time of the abrogation of the street with Poland Hitler also at the Chancellery atter dinner, He is never the time of the abrogation of the street with Poland Hitler also with some Great Britain that the infloyed looking at newsreels of treaty he had concluded with in June 13, 1935, limiting the ian navy to 35 per cent of the self on the floor in the dark and by provided for no such unital action. Hitler's sudden into of Russia in June, 1941, in the into of his pact with Stalin, another breach of faith, one coast him desily.

English Wemen His Friends decorated in 1935 in his favorite decorated in 1935 in his favorite and flavorate in 1935 in his favorite and supported of the strendship was now men who were his friends, the daughters of Lord Redesdale—the Prinzregentenstresse. To this flat the would retire when he would not he would retire when he would men who were his friends, the daughters of Lord Redesdale—the Prinzregentenstresse. To this flat the would retire when he wou decorated in 1935 in his favorite



A PICTURE STORY OF HITLER'S RISE TO





erswere pur 'sa'

30

OITI.

With his press agent-in-chief, Dr. Paul Goebbeis.

Polish Invasion Climax of 6 Months Of German Bullying and Threats

Browbeating Over Corridor and Danzig Began in March, 1939, Followed by Charges of 'Oppression' of Reich Nationals

as the immediate prelude to the and the ensuing declarations of second World War, began to war by England and France manifest itself not long after Hit- against Germany in defense of Poler's seizure of Czechoslovakia, land and, as later events showed, following the annexation of the also in defense of Russia, de-Sudeten territory in September, veloped as follows:

The Poles had a non-aggression treaty with Hitler, concluded by Berchtesgaden Albert Foerster, the Fuehrer with Marshal Pil-Danzig Nazi leader, for final insudski, the Polish dictator, on Jan. 26, 1934, under which both nations were obligated not to go to war over any dispute that might arise tister Ciano met Hitler at Berchover any dispute that might arise tister addn. where it is believed, the between them. The treaty was for tesgaden, where, it is believed, the

The signing of this treaty brought a cooling in the relations between Poland and her old ally, On Aug. 15 officials in Berlin iet

The Polish crisis, which served troops into Poland on Sept. 1, 1939,

On Aug. 8 Hitler summoned to structions.

On Aug. 11 Italian Foreign Min-

